# **Developments in the Banking Sector**

by Banking Supervision Department

## **HIGHLIGHTS OF KEY TRENDS**

# **Banking sector performance**

The aggregate pre-tax operating profit of retail banks' Hong Kong operations increased by 22.4% in the first three quarters of 2018 compared with the same period last year. The strong performance was mainly due to a 23.3% increase in net interest income and a 57.4% growth in income from foreign exchange and derivatives operations (Exhibit 1).

Retail banks' net interest margin widened further to 1.60% in the first three quarters of 2018 compared with 1.45% for the whole of 2017 (Exhibit 2).

Total loans of the banking sector decreased by 1.1% in the third quarter after increasing by 5.3% in the first half of 2018 (Exhibit 5). As total loans declined while total deposits increased, the loan-to-deposit ratio of the banking sector dropped to 74.0% at end-September 2018 from 75.7% a quarter earlier (Exhibit 6).

The banking sector's Mainland-related lending decreased by 2.1% in the third quarter to HK\$4,321 billion (16.6% of total assets), from HK\$4,414 billion (16.9% of total assets) a quarter earlier (Exhibit 9).

The loan quality of the banking sector stayed healthy, with the classified loan ratio edging down to 0.60% at end-September 2018 from 0.61% a quarter earlier (Exhibit 10). Retail banks' classified loan ratio increased slightly to 0.54% from 0.53% over the same period (Exhibit 11).

The classified loan ratio of the banking sector's Mainland-related lending increased slightly to 0.64% at end-September 2018 from 0.62% a quarter earlier (Exhibit 10). The classified loan ratio of retail banks' Mainland-related lending also increased to 0.74% from 0.70% during the same period (Exhibit 11).

# Results of surveys on debt securities and off-balance sheet exposures to derivatives and securitisations

The total market value of debt securities held by the surveyed authorized institutions (Als)<sup>1</sup> increased by 9.0% to HK\$5,081 billion at the end of September 2018 from HK\$4,662 billion a year ago (Exhibit 19). Over 96% of the debt securities holdings were investment grade (Exhibit 20). Most of the holdings were issued by sovereigns and banks (Exhibit 21).

The total notional amount of outstanding derivatives contracts held by all Als rose notably by 14.8% to HK\$110 trillion at the end of June 2018 from HK\$96 trillion a year earlier (Exhibit 22). The rise was mainly due to increased customer-driven interest rate swap transactions. Over-the-counter (OTC) swap and forward contracts continued to account for over 90% of the total notional amount of all outstanding derivatives contracts at the end of June 2018 (Exhibit 23). Over 97% of derivatives contracts held were foreign exchange and interest rate contracts (Exhibit 24). The off-balance sheet securitisation exposures of Als remained insignificant, with the aggregate amount of exposures totalling HK\$3.9 billion at the end of June 2018.

The key performance indicators of the banking sector are provided in the Appendix.

This survey covers all licensed banks and restricted licence banks.

# **Banking sector performance**

# **Profitability**

#### **EXHIBIT 1**

Profitability of retail banks' Hong Kong offices

	Q1-Q3 2018 vs. Q1-Q3 2017				
Key items	Percentage change	Contribution to the percentage change in pre-tax operating profit (ppt)			
Net interest income	+23.3%	+24.6			
Income from foreign exchange and derivatives operations	+57.4%	+6.2			
Dividends from subsidiaries and associated companies	-46.2%	-3.1			
Total operating expenses	+4.9%	-3.6			
Pre-tax operating profit	+22.4%				

#### **EXHIBIT 2**

Net interest margin (year-to-date annualised) of retail banks continued to widen



### **EXHIBIT 3**

Hong Kong-dollar interbank interest rates and the composite interest rate continued their rising trends

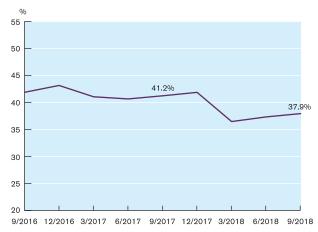


#### Notes:

- HIBOR fixing (monthly average) refers to the Hong Kong Interbank Offered Rates released by the Hong Kong Association of Banks.
- Composite interest rate is a weighted average interest rate of all Hong Kong-dollar interest-bearing liabilities of retail banks.

#### **EXHIBIT 4**

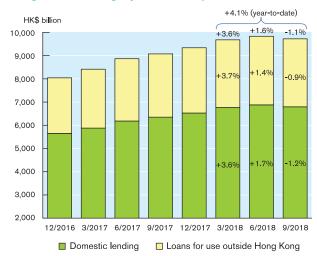
Cost-to-income ratio (year-to-date) of retail banks declined



# **Loans and deposits**

# **EXHIBIT 5**

Both domestic lending and loans for use outside Hong Kong decreased slightly in the third quarter of 2018



#### Notes:

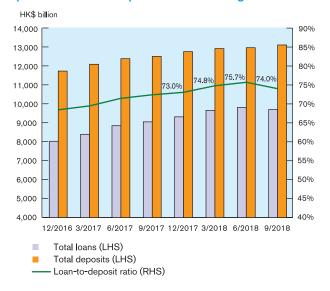
- "Domestic lending" is defined as loans for use in Hong Kong plus trade finance.
- Loans for use outside Hong Kong" include "others" (i.e. unallocated).
- 3. Percentage denotes quarter-on-quarter growth rate.

Within domestic lending, the percentage changes in the amount of credit extended to the key economic sectors in the third quarter of 2018 were:

Kou itama	Sep 2018 vs. Jun 2018
Key items	Percentage change
Stockbrokers	-31.0%
Trade finance	-8.2%
Financial companies (excluding stockbrokers)	-5.6%
Manufacturing	-4.3%
Wholesale and retail trade	-3.5%
Loans to private individuals (excluding credit card advances and residential mortgage loans)	-3.2%
Domestic lending	-1.2%

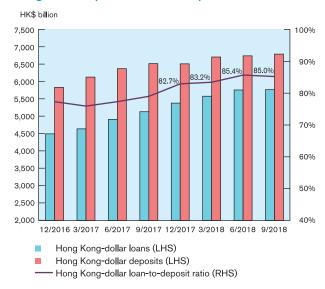
#### **EXHIBIT 6**

# Total loans of the banking sector declined in the third quarter while total deposits continued to grow



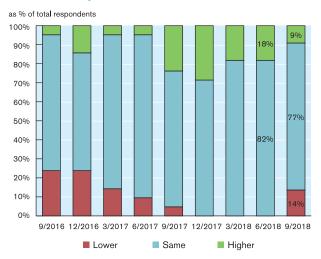
#### **EXHIBIT 7**

### Hong Kong-dollar loans grew slower than Hong Kong-dollar deposits in the third quarter of 2018



#### **EXHIBIT 8**

The majority of respondents to the HKMA Opinion Survey on Credit Condition Outlook expected loan demand to stay the same in the next three months



Note: Expectation of loan demand to change in the next 3 months relative to the past 3 months.

# **Mainland-related lending**

# **EXHIBIT 9**

# Mainland-related lending

	Jun 2018 HK\$bn	Sep 2018 HK\$bn
Mainland-related loans excluding trade finance	4,064	4,010
Trade finance	350	311
Total	4,414	4,321

# **Asset quality**

## **EXHIBIT 10**

Quality of loans and advances of the banking sector\*

	Sep 2017	Dec 2017	Mar 2018	Jun 2018	Sep 2018	
	% of total loans					
Special mention loans	1.44	1.33	1.28	1.31	1.31	
Classified loans (gross)	0.79	0.68	0.65	0.61	0.60	
of which:						
Substandard	0.21	0.21	0.21	0.20	0.23	
Doubtful	0.47	0.38	0.38	0.34	0.31	
Loss	0.11	0.08	0.06	0.07	0.07	
Classified loans (net of specific provisions)	0.42	0.36	0.34	0.32	0.32	
Overdue > 3 months and rescheduled loans	0.61	0.52	0.48	0.40	0.38	
of which:						
Overdue > 3 months	0.56	0.47	0.42	0.36	0.34	
Rescheduled loans	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.04	0.04	
	% of Mainland-related lending					
Classified loans (gross) of Mainland-related lending**	0.84	0.67	0.60	0.62	0.64	

Note: Figures may not add up to total due to rounding.

### **EXHIBIT 11**

Quality of loans and advances of retail banks\*

	Sep 2017	Dec 2017	Mar 2018	Jun 2018	Sep 2018	
	% of total loans					
Special mention loans	1.02	0.98	1.09	1.06	1.09	
Classified loans (gross)	0.62	0.56	0.55	0.53	0.54	
of which:						
Substandard	0.15	0.18	0.19	0.18	0.20	
Doubtful	0.44	0.35	0.33	0.31	0.31	
Loss	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.04	0.04	
Classified loans (net of specific provisions)	0.40 0.36 0.35 0.33 0.34					
Overdue > 3 months and rescheduled loans	0.45	0.40	0.39	0.31	0.35	
of which:						
Overdue > 3 months	0.38	0.34	0.32	0.26	0.29	
Rescheduled loans	0.07	0.06	0.07	0.06	0.05	
	% of Mainland-related lending					
Classified loans (gross) of Mainland-related lending**	0.83	0.75	0.68	0.70	0.74	

Note: Figures may not add up to total due to rounding.

<sup>\*</sup> Unless stated otherwise, figures covered all Als' Hong Kong offices, as well as locally incorporated Als' overseas branches and major

<sup>\*\*</sup> Figures covered all Als' Hong Kong offices, as well as locally incorporated Als' Mainland branches and subsidiaries.

<sup>\*</sup> Unless stated otherwise, figures covered retail banks' Hong Kong offices, as well as locally incorporated retail banks' overseas branches and major overseas subsidiaries.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Figures covered retail banks' Hong Kong offices, as well as locally incorporated retail banks' Mainland branches and subsidiaries.

#### **EXHIBIT 12**

#### Loan quality remained good

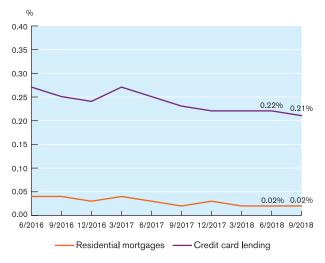


- All Als' classified loans as a percentage of total loans
- ---- All Als' overdue and rescheduled loans as a percentage of total loans
- ---- Retail banks' classified loans as a percentage of total loans
- ---- Retail banks' overdue and rescheduled loans as a percentage of total loans

Note: Figures covered Hong Kong offices, overseas branches and major overseas subsidiaries.

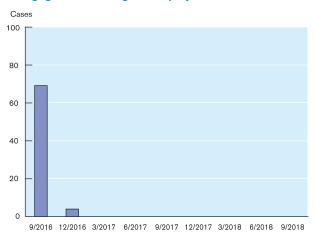
#### **EXHIBIT 13**

# Delinquency ratios of residential mortgages and credit card lending remained at low levels



#### **EXHIBIT 14**

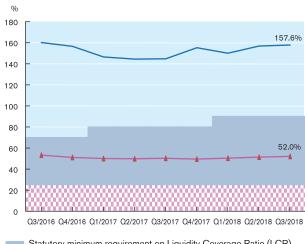
# Surveyed Als continued to report no residential mortgage loans in negative equity



# **Liquidity conditions**

#### **EXHIBIT 15**

## Liquidity positions of Als remained robust



Statutory minimum requirement on Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR)
Statutory minimum requirement on Liquidity Maintenance Ratio (LMR)

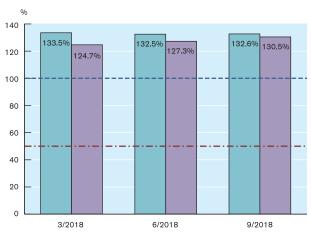
LCR of category 1 institutions

→ LMR of category 2 institutions

Note: For a category 1 institution, the statutory minimum requirement of the LCR applicable for 2018 is 90%. A category 2 institution must maintain a LMR of not less than 25% on average in each calendar month.

#### **EXHIBIT 16**

### Funding positions of Als continued to be stable



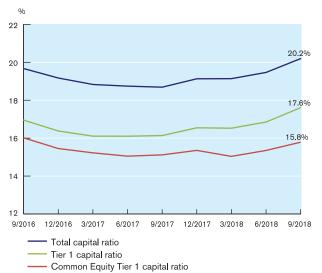
Net Stable Funding Ratio (NSFR) of category 1 institutions
Core Funding Ratio (CFR) of category 2A institutions
--- Statutory minimum requirement on NSFR
--- Statutory minimum requirement on CFR

Note: For a category 1 institution, the statutory minimum requirement of the NSFR is 100%. A category 2A institution must maintain a CFR of not less than 50% on average in each calendar month during 2018.

# **Capital adequacy**

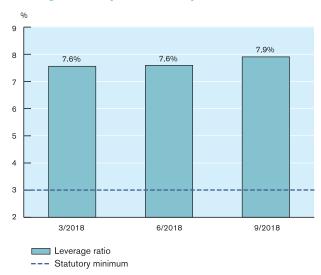
#### **EXHIBIT 17**

# Capital positions of locally incorporated Als remained strong



#### **EXHIBIT 18**

# Leverage ratio stayed at a healthy level



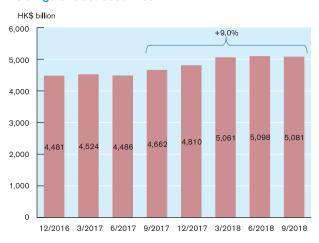
Note: All locally incorporated Als are required to maintain leverage ratios of not less than 3%.

# Results of surveys on debt securities and off-balance sheet exposures to derivatives and securitisations

# **Debt securities held<sup>2</sup>**

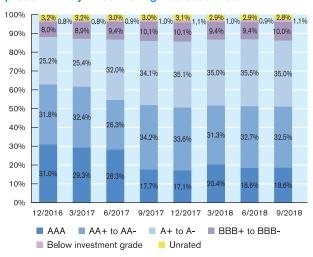
#### **EXHIBIT 19**

Surveyed Als reported a moderate increase in their holdings of debt securities



#### **EXHIBIT 20**

Debt securities held by surveyed Als were predominantly investment grade securities



#### **EXHIBIT 21**

Most of the debt securities were issued by sovereigns and banks

(% of total)	All surveyed Als							
Types of instrument and issuer	Dec 2016	Mar 2017	Jun 2017	Sep 2017	Dec 2017	Mar 2018	Jun 2018	Sep 2018
Part 1: Debt securities of	her than se	curitisation	products <sup>3</sup>					
Sovereigns, of which:	50.9%	48.0%	46.2%	47.3%	47.6%	49.1%	49.5%	47.2%
Exchange Fund bills and notes	23.1%	23.3%	23.7%	24.2%	23.8%	22.9%	22.6%	22.4%
US Treasury bills, notes and bonds	8.4%	7.7%	6.9%	7.3%	6.6%	8.3%	8.4%	8.2%
Public sector entities	5.9%	6.1%	6.0%	5.7%	5.3%	5.8%	5.6%	5.7%
Banks	27.3%	28.6%	29.8%	29.5%	29.5%	27.6%	27.7%	29.7%
Corporates	10.7%	11.0%	11.2%	10.8%	10.8%	11.0%	10.6%	10.6%
Others	3.8%	4.6%	4.7%	4.6%	4.8%	4.7%	4.7%	4.7%
Part 2: Securitisation products								
Total securitisation products	1.4%	1.8%	2.0%	2.0%	1.9%	1.8%	2.0%	2.1%

This section presents the results of the Survey on Debt Securities Held of all licensed banks and restricted licence banks. The results cover the banking book and trading book positions of surveyed Als' Hong Kong offices and their overseas branches. Figures shown may not add up to total due to rounding.

Securitisation products include asset-backed securities, mortgage-backed securities, collateralised debt obligations, notes issued by structured investment vehicles, asset-backed commercial papers, and other similar structured credit products.

# **Exposures to derivatives**<sup>4</sup>

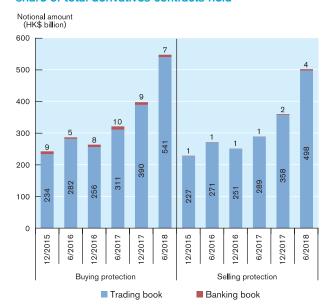
#### **EXHIBIT 22**

# Total notional amount of all outstanding derivatives contracts increased notably



#### **EXHIBIT 25**

The notional amount of credit derivatives contracts increased but continued to account for only a small share of total derivatives contracts held



#### **EXHIBIT 23**

### OTC swap and forward contracts continued to account for about 90% of total derivatives contracts held by Als

(% of total)	All Als						
Derivatives product	Dec 2015	Jun 2016	Dec 2016	Jun 2017	Dec 2017	Jun 2018	
Exchange-traded derivatives	1.5%	1.7%	2.1%	2.7%	2.0%	1.8%	
OTC derivatives	98.5%	98.3%	97.9%	97.3%	98.0%	98.2%	
of which:							
Forwards	34.4%	35.4%	32.2%	32.0%	28.6%	27.7%	
Swaps	57.5%	57.3%	60.4%	60.0%	64.0%	64.1%	
Options	5.1%	4.1%	3.9%	3.8%	3.6%	3.8%	
Credit derivatives	0.6%	0.7%	0.6%	0.6%	0.8%	1.0%	
Others	0.9%	0.7%	0.8%	0.9%	1.0%	1.7%	

### **EXHIBIT 24**

#### Derivatives contracts held were predominantly foreign exchange and interest rate contracts

(% of total)		All Als					
Underlying risk	Dec 2015	Dec 2015					
Interest rate risk	35.0%	35.3%	38.9%	40.9%	45.4%	43.8%	
Foreign exchange risk	63.2%	62.9%	59.4%	57.4%	52.6%	54.2%	
Equity risk	1.2%	1.1%	0.9%	1.0%	1.1%	0.9%	
Commodity risk	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%	
Credit risk	0.6%	0.7%	0.6%	0.6%	0.8%	1.0%	
Other risks	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	

This section presents the results of the Survey on Off-balance Sheet Exposures in Derivatives and Securitisation Transactions. The results cover the banking book and trading book positions of all Als' Hong Kong offices and their overseas branches. Figures may not add up to total due to rounding.

# **APPENDIX**

# **KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS OF THE BANKING SECTOR¹ (%)**

	Sep 2017	Jun 2018	Sep 2018
Interest rates			
1-month HIBOR fixing <sup>2</sup> (quarterly average)	0.45	1.23	1.68
3-month HIBOR fixing (quarterly average)	0.76	1.68	2.00
BLR <sup>3</sup> and 1-month HIBOR fixing spread (quarterly average)	4.55	3.77	3.32
BLR and 3-month HIBOR fixing spread (quarterly average)	4.24	3.32	3.00
Composite interest rate <sup>4</sup>	0.30	0.62	0.76
		All Als	
Balance sheet developments <sup>5</sup>			
Total deposits	1.0	0.4	1.1
Hong Kong dollar	2.3	0.5	0.7
Foreign currency	-0.4	0.2	1.6
Total loans	2.3	1.6	-1.1
Domestic lending <sup>6</sup>	2.7	1.7	-1.2
Loans for use outside Hong Kong <sup>7</sup>	1.4	1.4	-0.8
Negotiable instruments			
Negotiable certificates of deposit (NCDs) issued	0.9	-2.5	-1.1
Negotiable debt instruments held (excluding NCDs)	4.5	1.1	-1.5
Asset quality			
As a percentage of total loans <sup>8</sup>			
Pass loans	97.77	98.07	98.09
Special mention loans	1.44	1.31	1.31
Classified loans <sup>9</sup> (gross)	0.79	0.61	0.60
Classified loans (net) <sup>10</sup>	0.42	0.32	0.32
Overdue > 3 months and rescheduled loans	0.61	0.40	0.38
Classified loan ratio (gross) of Mainland related lending <sup>11</sup>	0.84	0.62	0.64
Liquidity ratios (consolidated)			
Liquidity Coverage Ratio — applicable to category 1 institutions			
(quarterly average)	144.5	156.6	157.6
Liquidity Maintenance Ratio — applicable to category 2 institutions			
(quarterly average)	50.2	51.3	52.0
Net Stable Funding Ratio — applicable to category 1 institutions	n.a.	132.5	132.6
Core Funding Ratio — applicable to category 2A institutions	n.a.	127.3	130.5
		Retail banks	ı
Profitability			
Loan impairment charges as a percentage of average total assets	0.06	0.02	0.00
(year-to-date annualised)	0.06	1.57	0.03
Net interest margin (year-to-date annualised) Cost-to-income ratio (year-to-date)	1.43 41.2	37.3	1.60 37.9
Cost to income ratio (year to date)		veyed instituti	
Asset quality	Jui	. Syca manun	0113
Delinquency ratio of residential mortgage loans	0.02	0.02	0.02
Credit card lending	0.02	0.02	0.02
Delinquency ratio	0.23	0.22	0.21
Charge-off ratio — quarterly annualised	1.95	1.65	1.64
— year-to-date annualised	1.91	1.60	1.59
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Capital adequacy (consolidated)	All loc	any moorporat	.cu Alb
Common Equity Tier 1 capital ratio	15.1	15.3	15.8
Tier 1 capital ratio	16.1	16.8	17.6
Total capital ratio	18.7	19.4	20.2
Leverage ratio		7.6	7.9
Levelaye rallo	n.a.	7.0	7.9

#### Notes:

- 1. Figures are related to Hong Kong offices only except where otherwise stated.
- 2. The Hong Kong Interbank Offered Rates are released by the Hong Kong Association of Banks.
- 3. With reference to the rate quoted by The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited.
- 4. The composite interest rate is a weighted average interest rate of all Hong Kong-dollar interest-bearing liabilities, which include deposits from customers, amounts due to banks, negotiable certificates of deposit and other debt instruments, and Hong Kongdollar non-interest-bearing demand deposits on the books of banks. Further details can be found on the HKMA website.
- 5. Quarterly change.
- 6. Loans for use in Hong Kong plus trade finance.
- 7. Including "others" (i.e. unallocated).
- 8. Figures are related to all Als' Hong Kong offices, as well as locally incorporated Als' overseas branches and major overseas
- 9. Classified loans are those loans graded as "substandard", "doubtful" or "loss".
- 10. Net of specific provisions/individual impairment allowances.
- 11. Figures are related to all Als' Hong Kong offices, as well as locally incorporated Als' Mainland branches and subsidiaries.